## Math 421 Problem Set October 4, 2022

- 1. A group G is *finitely generated* if there is a finite set A such that  $G = \langle A \rangle$ .
  - (a) Show that every finitely generated subgroup of  $\mathbb{Q}$  (under addition) is cyclic.
  - (b) Show that  $\mathbb{Q}$  is not finitely generated.
  - (c) Find a proper subgroup of  $\mathbb{Q}$  (i.e.  $H \leq \mathbb{Q}$  such that  $H \neq \mathbb{Q}$ ) that is not cyclic.
- 2. A subgroup M of a group G is a **maximal subgroup** if  $M \neq G$  and the only subgroups of G that contain M are M and G.
  - (a) Show that if H is a proper subgroup of a finite group G, then there is a maximal subgroup of G containing  $H^{1}$ .
  - (b) Show that the subgroup of all rotations in a dihedral group is a maximal subgroup.
  - (c) Show that if  $G = \langle x \rangle$  is a cyclic group of order *n*, then a subgroup *H* is maximal if and only if  $H = \langle x^p \rangle$  for some prime *p* dividing *n*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>This is actually true in any finitely generated group – the proof uses Zorn's Lemma.