

1. [1 point] Consider S_n along with its natural action on the set $\{1, 2, \dots, n\}$. Describe the stabilizer of n . No explanation needed.

The stabilizer is the set of elements of S_n whose cycle decompositions don't contain n . It's naturally isomorphic to S_{n-1} .

2. [1 point] What is the torsion subgroup of $\mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z}$? No explanation needed.

The torsion subgroup is

$$\{(0, 0), (0, 1)\} = \{0\} \times \mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z} \cong \mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z}$$

3. [3 points] Let $H \leq G$ be a proper subgroup (i.e. $H \neq G$). Show that G does not act on H by left multiplication.

Since H is proper, we can take

$$g \in G \setminus H.$$

Then $1 \in H$, but $g \cdot 1 = g \notin H$.

Thus, left multiplication does not

give a function $G \times H \rightarrow H$,

so it's not a group action.