Probability and Statistics I

STAT $3600-Fall\ 2021$

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Chapter 5. Distributions of Functions of Random Variables

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- § 5.1 Functions of One Random Variable
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- § 5.3 Several Random Variables
- § 5.4 The Moment-Generating Function Technique
- § 5.5 Random Functions Associated with Normal Distributions
- $\$ 5.6 The Central Limit Theorem
- § 5.7 Approximations for Discrete Distributions
- § 5.8 Chebyshev Inequality and Convergence in Probability
- § 5.9 Limiting Moment-Generating Functions

Theorem 5.6-1 (Central Limit Theorem) If \overline{X} is the mean of a random sample X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n of size *n* from a distribution with a finite mean μ and a finite positive variance σ^2 , then the distribution of

$$W = rac{\overline{X} - \mu}{\sqrt{\sigma}/n} = rac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} X_i - n\mu}{\sqrt{n}\sigma}$$

is N(0, 1) in the limit as $n \to \infty$.

When n is "sufficiently large," a practical use of the central limit theorem is approximating the cdf of W, namely,

$$\mathbb{P}(\boldsymbol{W} \leq \boldsymbol{w}) \approx \int_{-\infty}^{\boldsymbol{w}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \boldsymbol{e}^{-z^2/2} d\boldsymbol{z} = \Phi(\boldsymbol{w}).$$

Example 5.6-1 Let \overline{X} be the mean of a random sample of size 12 from the uniform distribution on the interval (0, 1). Approximate $\mathbb{P}(1/2 \le \overline{X} \le 2/3)$.

Example 5.6-2 Let X equal the weight in grams of a miniature candy bar. Assume that $\mu = \mathbb{E}(X) = 24.43$ and $\sigma^2 = Var(X) = 2.20$. Let \overline{X} be the sample mean of a random of n = 30 candy bars. (a) Find $\mathbb{E}(\overline{X})$; (b) Find Var (\overline{X}) ; (c) Find $\mathbb{P}(24.17 \le \overline{X} \le 24.82)$ approximately. Ans: (a) ... (b) ... (c) ...

Exercises from textbook: 5.6-2, 5.6-4, 5.6-6, 5.6-7, 5.6-9.