Probability and Statistics I

STAT $3600-Fall\ 2021$

Le Chen lzc0090@auburn.edu

Last updated on

July 4, 2021

Auburn University Auburn AL

Chapter 5. Distributions of Functions of Random Variables

- § 5.1 Functions of One Random Variable
- § 5.2 Transformations of Two Random Variables
- § 5.3 Several Random Variables
- § 5.4 The Moment-Generating Function Technique
- § 5.5 Random Functions Associated with Normal Distributions
- § 5.6 The Central Limit Theorem
- § 5.7 Approximations for Discrete Distributions
- § 5.8 Chebyshev Inequality and Convergence in Probability
- § 5.9 Limiting Moment-Generating Functions

Chapter 5. Distributions of Functions of Random Variables

- § 5.1 Functions of One Random Variable
- § 5.2 Transformations of Two Random Variables
- § 5.3 Several Random Variables
- § 5.4 The Moment-Generating Function Technique
- § 5.5 Random Functions Associated with Normal Distributions
- § 5.6 The Central Limit Theorem
- § 5.7 Approximations for Discrete Distributions
- § 5.8 Chebyshev Inequality and Convergence in Probability
- § 5.9 Limiting Moment-Generating Functions

For sufficiently large *n* the binomial distribution, b(n, p) can be approximated by normal distribution N(np, np(1-p)).

The rule for "sufficiently large" is

 $np \ge 5$ and $n(1-p) \ge 5$.

Example 5.7-1 Let Y be b(36, 1/2). Find $\mathbb{P}(12 < Y \leq 18)$, approximately.

Example 5.7-1 Let Y be b(36, 1/2). Find $\mathbb{P}(12 < Y \le 18)$, approximately. Ans. ≈ 0.5329 and the exact answer is 0.5334.